

Southern Africa Business Forum
South Africa
2 August 2017

SADC Integrated Regional Electronic
Settlement System
SIRESS



SADC
PAYMENTS
PROJECT
SADC BANKING ASSOCIATION

Finance and Investment Protocol

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, WE, the Heads of State or Government or our duly authorized representatives, have signed this Protocol.

DONE at Maseru, Lesotho, on 18th day of August 2006 in three original texts in the English, French and Portuguese languages, all texts being equally authentic.



Republic of Angola



Republic of Botswana



Democratic Republic of Congo



Kingdom of Lesotho



Republic of Malawi



Republic of Madagascar



Republic of Mauritius



Republic of Mozambique



Republic of Namibia



Republic of South Africa



Kingdom of Swaziland



United Republic of Tanzania



Republic of Zambia



Republic of Zimbabwe





Outline

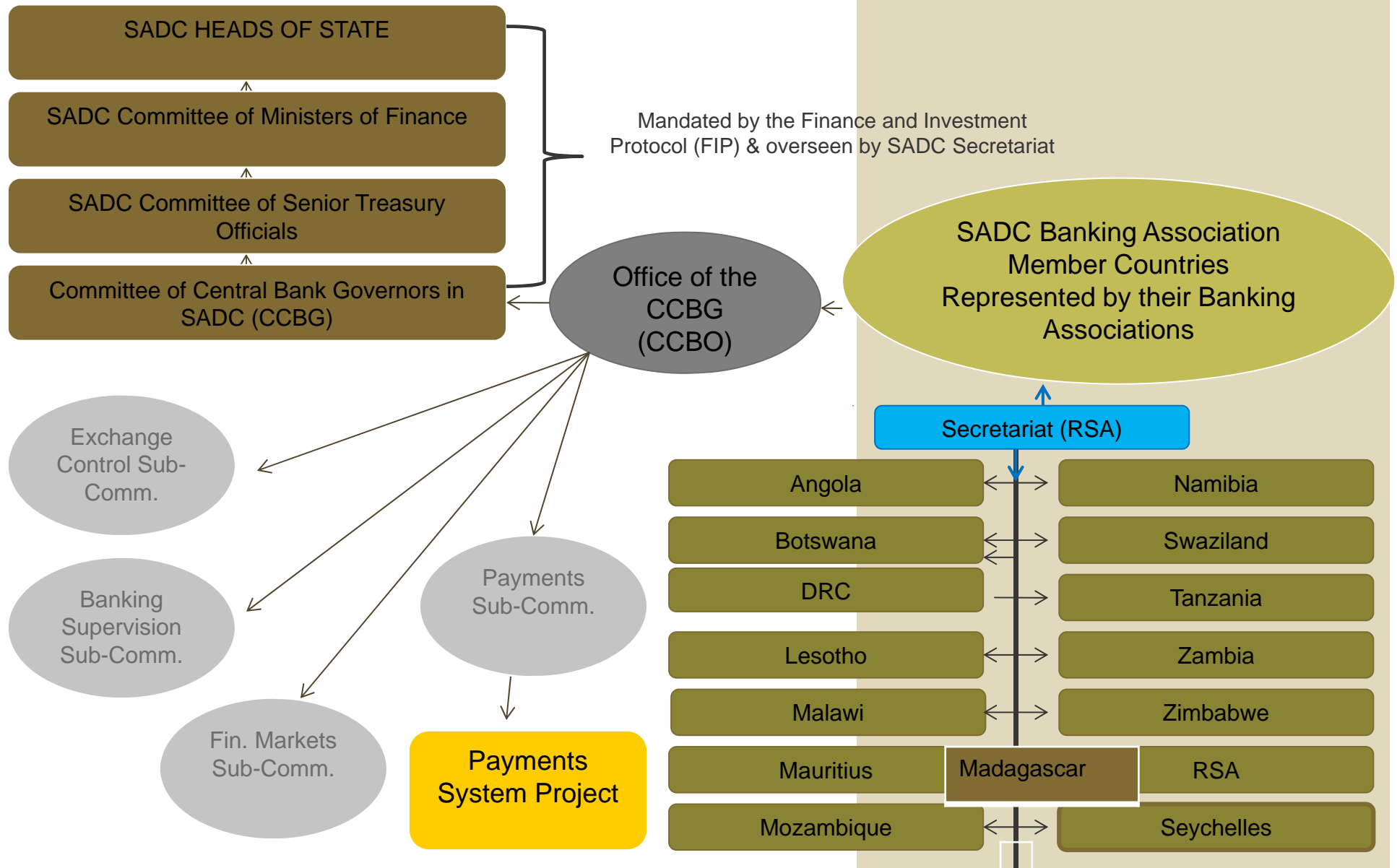
- Who are we
- The SIRESS journey –
- Governance structure
- Benefits
- Latest figures on SIRESS



Who are we

- The SADC Banking Association (SADC BA) is a recognised structure of the CCBG created in 1998.
- Represented by 13 member associations on its board – membership is voluntary
- Secretariat hosted by Banking Association South Africa (BASA)
- Registered in SA under the Companies Act

SET UP AND REPORTING STRUCTURE OF THE SADC-BA



SADC Payment System Project

CCBG Payments Project Vision

- ◆ In terms of the SADC Finance Investment Protocol, and in particular Annex 6, the Committee of Central Bank Governors (CCBG) has undertaken to, amongst other things, facilitate cross border payments in SADC.
- ◆ To this end the SADC Payments System Committee as the CCBG group responsible for payment systems, initiated a process to develop a framework for an integrated regional payment environment.
- ◆ Each SADC country has :
 - An efficient and effective payment system
 - ◆ Internationally acceptable
 - ◆ Interlinked within the region
 - ◆ Supporting the SADC aims of :
 - Intra SADC trade

What is SIRESS

- SADC Integrated Regional Electronic Settlement System (SIRESS)- (RTGS) (Swaziland)
- Single settlement currency system - ZAR (Rand)
- Operated by the SARB as appointed by the participating Central Banks
- Cross border transactions only
- SWIFT FINCopy Service
- Market Infrastructure Close User Group
- Settlement accounts will operate on a pre-funded basis
- July 2013 – CMA countries
- High value only – corporates

SIRESS Cont

- ❑ MOU
- ❑ Participant Agreements
- ❑ Final approval from respective CB
- ❑ Governance structures
 - SADC Payment Scheme Management Body (PSMB) (Banks)
 - SADC Payment System Oversight Committee (PSOC) CB



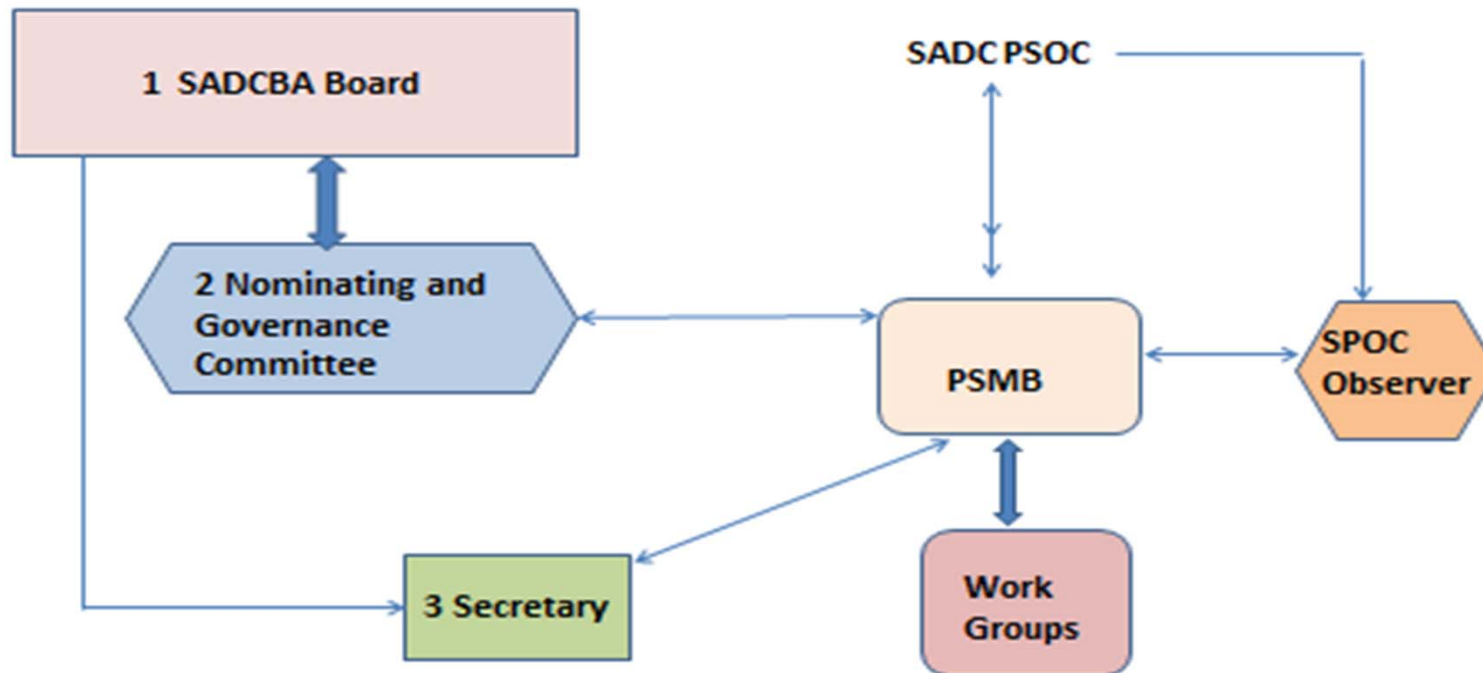
Implementation Situation

High Value payments

- Banks in Namibia, Lesotho, South Africa and Swaziland went live in July 2013 (POC)
- Banks in Malawi, Tanzania and Zimbabwe went live in April and July 2014
- Banks in Mauritius and Zambia went live in September 2014 and
- Banks in Angola, Botswana, DR Congo and Seychelles

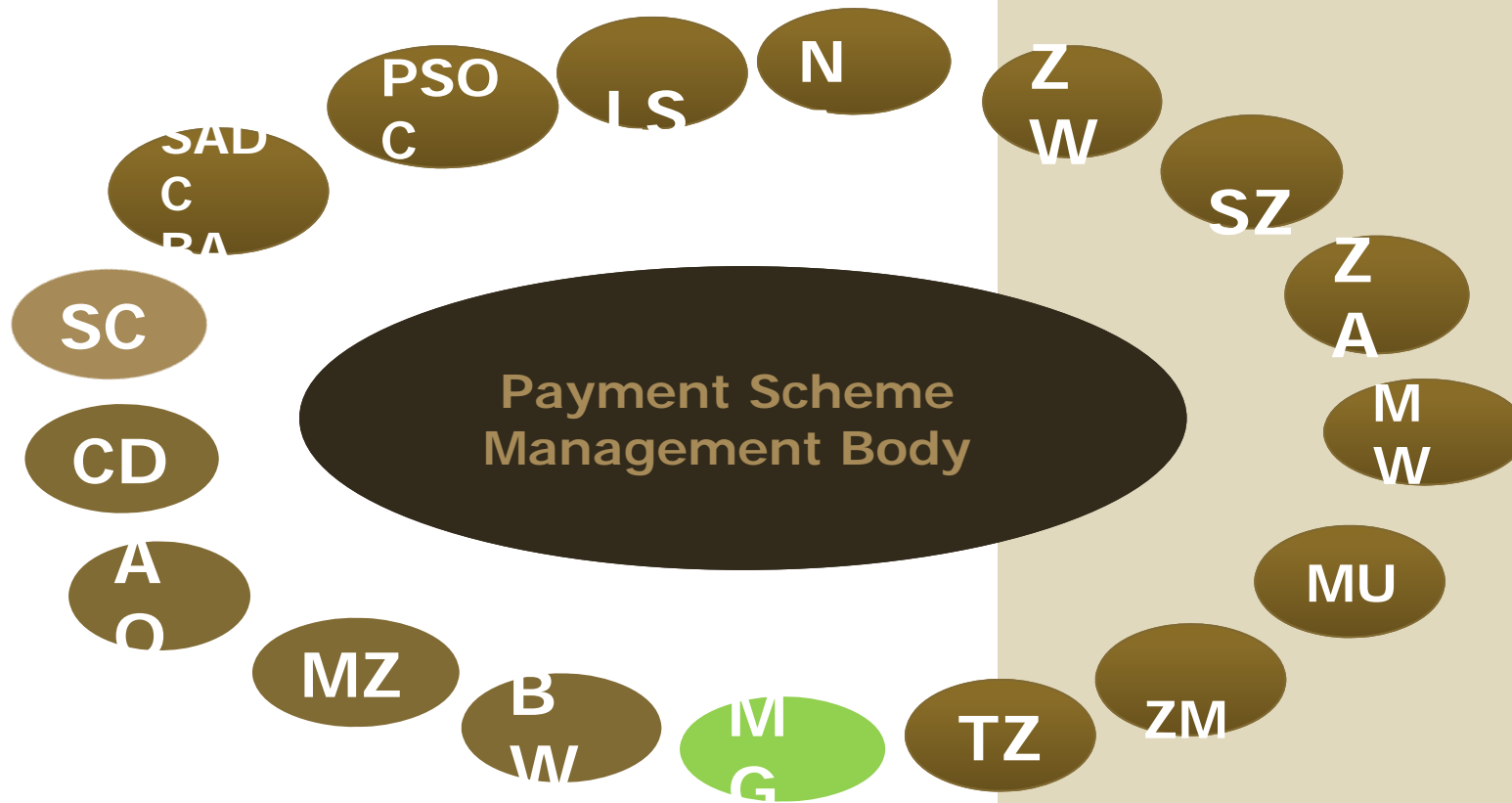
Governance Payment Scheme Management Body

SADC BA Positioning of PSMB



Structure

1 seat per SADC country live in SIRESS





Objectives

- commercial banks in SADC with the opportunity to inform the development of financial market infrastructure
- (non-competitive) space, the focus of the SADC BA's interventions are defining payments instruments,
- to improved customer service, cost reductions, and efficiencies in the cross border payment environment



Payments project Benefits

Member states

- Risk reduction as settlement happens in Central Bank money
- Level playing fields -> enhanced competition
- Increased transparency (regulators see)
- Increased safety of the regional payment system
- Elimination of cross border cheques
- Increased the efficiency of settlement processes
- Faster settlement and payment



Cond.

- Simplified processing
- Common standards, processes and formats
- Payments will be made the same across the region
- Predictable timeframes to make and receive payments
- Improved services to citizens
- Payment of social benefits
- Payment of tax refunds
- Development of new value added services and innovative products



cont

- E-reconciliation and e-invoicing
- Increased cash flow for business
- Further automation of payments
- Business- to business trade
- Common regional payment platform
- Increase choice for service providers
- Correspondent banking vs direct account Management
- Regional Clearing and Settlement Operators



Cont.

SIRESS Benefits – “Businesses and Man in the street

- Payment services will cover broader SADC
- Wider reach
- Easier for citizens to transact across borders
- Displacement cash and the requirement for cash exchange
- Improved safety and security
- Enhances pricing transparency
- Uniform ways of making payments and payment instruments
- Ability to compare services, leading to the use of efficient and cost-effective solutions



Challenges

- member country participation slow
- Currencies of settlement due to use of ZAR
- Regulatory landscape
- The payments journey (6 years later)
- Where to, can we speed up the implementation of payment streams



Cond.

- Communication
- Champions – Region, Country
- Ease of trade in the region
- Multiple RECs
- - multiple memberships/regional/in country



SIRESS in numbers

- Operational indicators
- Volumes graph
- Values graph





Thank you

