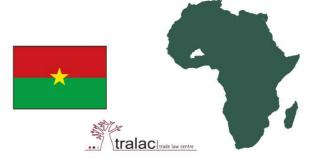
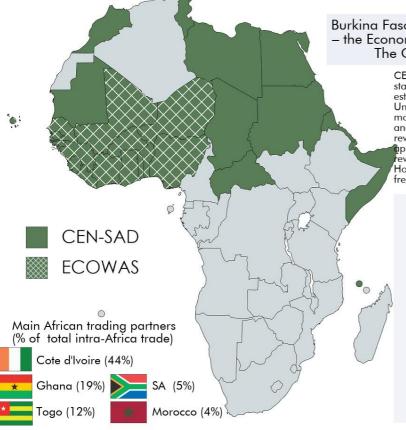
# **Burkina Faso**

Intra-Africa trade and tariff profile 2018





Burkina Faso is part of two regional economic communities (RECs) – the Economic Community of West African States (ECOWAS) and The Community of Sahel-Saharan States (CEN-SAD) CEN-SAD has 24 member ECOWAS currently has

states aspiring to the establishment of an Economic Union which includes the free movement of goods, services and commodities. In 2013 a revised CEN-SAD Treaty was approved, aimed the at revitalising the region. However, there is currently no free trade agreement in place.

member states. All 15 are part of the ECOWAS Free Trade Area and all, but Cape Verde, implementing Common External Tariff (CET)

of total trade is intra-Africa

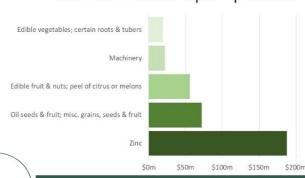
Intra-Africa exports: 13% of world exports

- Cote d'Ivoire (46.9%) Ghana (23.2%)
- Togo (13.9%) Niger (4%)

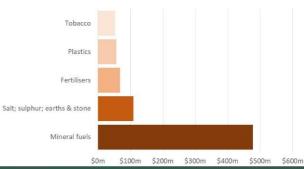
Intra-Africa imports: 27% of world imports

- Togo (11.4%)
- South Africa (6.7%)

#### Main intra-Africa export products



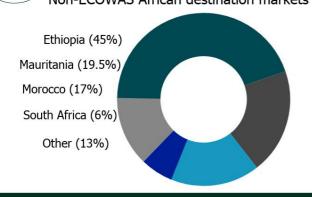
#### Main intra-Africa import products



of intra-Africa exports are to countries outside ECOWAS

Non-ECOWAS African destination markets

3%



#### Main export products

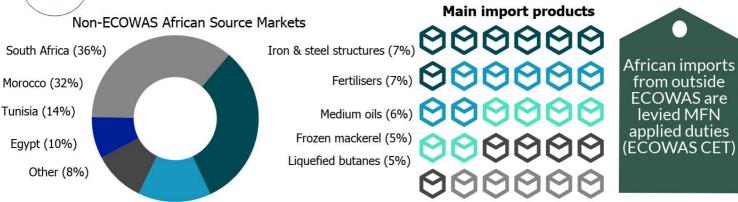


## **Intra-Africa tariffs**

Burkina Faso subscribes to the ECOWAS ETLS enabling all qualifying goods sourced from approved producers in the other ECOWAS member states to be imported into Burkina Faso duty-free. The highest average ad valorem applied tariff is 35% and there are no specific import duties. The 35% tariff is applicable to numerous tariff lines, including meat and edible offal of bovine, swine and poultry; sausages; sugar confectionery not containing cocoa; cocoa powder and chocolate, yoghurt and waters.

19%

### of intra-Africa imports are from countries outside ECOWAS

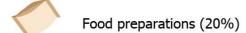


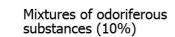
The products Burkina Faso imports from outside ECOWAS are relatively diversified, including steel and iron structures, fertilisers, oil and frozen mackerel. Tariffs imposed on these imports are typically either 5% (iron and steel structures, fertilisers) or 10% (medium oils, frozen mackerel), with light oils, butanes and urea at 0%.

# Higher MFN applied duties







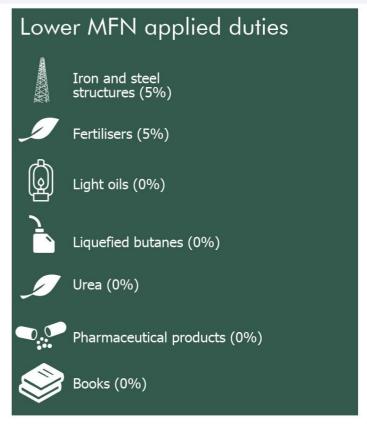




Polymers of ethylene sheets (10%)

Meat and offal (35%)

Cocoa (35%)





Sources: ITC TradeMap (2019); ITC MacMap (2019); WTO Tariff Database (2019) and tralac calculations